

UNITED STALL DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231

	APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT		ATTY, DOCKET NO.
	08/990,821		WOODS	W	7319.8833
	-				EXAMINER
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	This is a communication to COMMISSIONER OF PA				
			OFFICE ACTION SUMMARY		
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	Responsive to commu	inication(s) filed on	· .		
	This action is FINAL.		•		
			ance except for formal matters, prosecution Quayle, 1935 D.C. 11; 453 O.G. 213.	as to the	merits is closed in
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A S Whi	hortened statutory period ichever is longer, from the	od for response to this he mailing date of this	communication. Failure to respond within the		th(s), or thirty days, response will cause
the	application to become		C. § 133). Extensions of time may be obtained		
	36(a).				
Dis	sposition of Claims	~ 1			
Æ	Claim(s)	<u>- 21</u>			are pending in the application.
٦,	Of the above, claim(s)				withdrawn from consideration.
닕	Claim(s)	1			is/are allowed.
吊					is/are rejected. is/are objected to.
ŏ	Claim(s)		are sub	ject to rest	riction or election requirement.
АÞ	plication Papers				
		•	atent Drawing Review, PTO-948.		
ᆜ	The drawing(s) filed or	•	is/are objected to		
Ä			•	10 10	approved disapproved.
)00C	The proposed drawing			,	,,
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-SEE OFFICE ACTION ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES-



Art Unit: 3745

DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

1. Claims 1-8,11-14,18-19 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of double patenting over claim of U. S. Patent No. 5,740,670 since the claims, if allowed, would improperly extend the "right to exclude" already granted in the patent.

The subject matter claimed in the instant application is fully disclosed in the patent and is covered by the patent since the patent and the application are claiming common subject matter, as follows: an elongated inner liner, an elongated outer shell, and a spacer disposed between the outer shell and inner liner.

Furthermore, there is no apparent reason why applicant was prevented from presenting claims corresponding to those of the instant application during prosecution of the application which matured into a patent. See *In re Schneller*, 397 F.2d 350, 158 USPQ 210 (CCPA 1968). See also MPEP § 804.

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321© may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).





Art Unit: 3745

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1-4,6,8-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Lulloff et al. (Lulloff)

Lulloff discloses a water jacketed exhaust pipe for marine engines comprising; an elongated inner liner having a tail end, said tail end defining a first inwardly tapered section (see Figure 5, the area around reference numerals 59,60), an elongated outer shell surrounding the liner about an elongate axis of the pipe, said shell having a tail end defining a second inwardly tapered section. (See the area around reference numerals 59,60), and a spacer (66) disposed between said outer shell and said inner liner for separating said shell from said liner to define a volume (59,62) therebetween, said spacer further defining at least one passageway (68) communicating said volume (59,62) with a second volume outside the pipe. Clearly the cooling fluid exiting the passageway (68) is deflected onto the inner liner. The inner liner and outer shell are substantially cylindrical. (See Figure 4) Note that the inwardly tapered sections are curved, and coned shaped. (See Figure 5)



Art Unit: 3745

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lulloff in view of design choice.

Lulloff discloses the invention as recited above, however, fails to disclose the relative sizes of the inner liner and outer shell such that an exit velocity of 1.5 ft per second is maintained. It is the examiners position that the claimed velocity would have been an obvious matter of design choice well within the level of ordinary skill in the art. Moreover, there is nothing in the record which establishes that the claimed sizes which produce the desired flow rate presents a novel or unexpected result. (See *In re Kuhle*, 526 F.2d 553, 188 USPQ 7 (CCPA 1975)).

7. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lulloff in view of Shioa et al. (Shioa)

Lulloff discloses the invention, however, fails to disclose the exhaust pipes and spacer being constructed from stainless steel.

The patent to Shioa teaches that it is conventional to utilize stainless steel in the construction of exhaust systems. (See column 1 lines 26+)



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It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to have utilized stainless steel in the Lulloff exhaust as suggested by Shioa for its well known benefit of resisting corrosion.

8. Claim 1-4,6,8-21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schlussler in view of Lulloff.

Schlussler discloses a water jacketed exhaust pipe for marine engines including an inwardly tapered elongated inner liner, and an inwardly tapered elongated outer shell substantially as claimed. (See Figures 1-2)

Schlussler fails to disclose a spacer having at least one passageway therethrough.

Lulloff on the other hand, teaches that it is conventional in the exhaust art to utilize a spacer ring for the specific purpose of providing an annulus for the passing of cooling water therethrough.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to have utilized the spacer taught by Lulloff in the Schlussler exhaust, since the use of the spacer would have provided a rigid connection between the concentric pipes, a desirable improvement to the Schlussler device.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.



Art Unit: 3745

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Thomas Denion at telephone number (703) 308-2623.

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March 25, 1999

Thomas E. Denion Primary Examiner